

**Anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E7D9)**  
**Catalog # ABO16613****Specification****Anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E7D9) - Product Information**

|                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application       | WB, FC                 |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">O43865</a> |
| Host              | Mouse                  |
| Isotype           | IgG1                   |
| Reactivity        | Rat, Human, Mouse      |
| Clonality         | Monoclonal             |
| Format            | Lyophilized            |

**Description**

Anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E7D9) . Tested in Flow Cytometry, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Adding 0.2 ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/ml.

**Anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E7D9) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 10768

**Other Names**

S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase-like protein 1 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:344}, DC-expressed AHCY-like molecule, IP(3)Rs binding protein released with IP(3), IRBIT, Putative adenosylhomocysteinase 2, S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine hydrolase 2, AdoHcyase 2, AHCYL1 ([http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\\_symbol\\_report?hgnc\\_id=344](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=344))

**Calculated MW**

59 kDa KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.25-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat  
Flow Cytometry, 1-3 µg/1x10<sup>6</sup> cells, Human

**Contents**

Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl and 0.2 mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>.

**Immunogen**

E.coli-derived human IRBIT/AHCYL1 recombinant protein (Position: E14-K57).

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Storage**

**At -20°C for one year from date of receipt.  
After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month.  
It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen**

at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

## Anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E7D9) - Protein Information

**Name** AHCYL1 ([HGNC:344](#))

### Function

Multifaceted cellular regulator which coordinates several essential cellular functions including regulation of epithelial HCO<sub>3</sub>(-) and fluid secretion, mRNA processing and DNA replication. Regulates ITPR1 sensitivity to inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, competing for the common binding site and acting as endogenous 'pseudoligand' whose inhibitory activity can be modulated by its phosphorylation status. Promotes the formation of contact points between the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) and mitochondria, facilitating transfer of Ca(2+) from the ER to mitochondria (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27995898" target="\_blank">27995898</a>). Under normal cellular conditions, functions cooperatively with BCL2L10 to limit ITPR1- mediated Ca(2+) release but, under apoptotic stress conditions, dephosphorylated which promotes dissociation of both AHCYL1 and BCL2L10 from mitochondria-associated endoplasmic reticulum membranes, inhibits BCL2L10 interaction with ITPR1 and leads to increased Ca(2+) transfer to mitochondria which promotes apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27995898" target="\_blank">27995898</a>). In the pancreatic and salivary ducts, at resting state, attenuates inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate-induced calcium release by interacting with ITPR1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16793548" target="\_blank">16793548</a>). When extracellular stimuli induce ITPR1 phosphorylation or inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate production, dissociates from ITPR1 to interact with CFTR and SLC26A6, mediating their synergistic activation by calcium and cAMP that stimulates the epithelial secretion of electrolytes and fluid (By similarity). Also activates basolateral SLC4A4 isoform 1 to coordinate fluid and HCO<sub>3</sub>(-) secretion (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16769890" target="\_blank">16769890</a>). Inhibits the effect of STK39 on SLC4A4 and CFTR by recruiting PP1 phosphatase which activates SLC4A4, SLC26A6 and CFTR through dephosphorylation (By similarity). Mediates the induction of SLC9A3 surface expression produced by Angiotensin-2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20584908" target="\_blank">20584908</a>). Depending on the cell type, activates SLC9A3 in response to calcium or reverses SLC9A3R2-dependent calcium inhibition (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18829453" target="\_blank">18829453</a>). May modulate the polyadenylation state of specific mRNAs, both by controlling the subcellular location of FIP1L1 and by inhibiting PAPOLA activity, in response to a stimulus that alters its phosphorylation state (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19224921" target="\_blank">19224921</a>). Acts as a (dATP)-dependent inhibitor of ribonucleotide reductase large subunit RRM1, controlling the endogenous dNTP pool and ensuring normal cell cycle progression (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25237103" target="\_blank">25237103</a>). In vitro does not exhibit any S-adenosyl-L- homocysteine hydrolase activity (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Apical cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:B5DFN2}; Peripheral membrane protein. Microsome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q80SW1} Note=Associates with membranes when phosphorylated, probably through interaction with ITPR1 (By similarity). Localizes to mitochondria- associated endoplasmic reticulum membranes (MAMs) (PubMed:27995898) Localization to MAMs is greatly reduced under apoptotic stress conditions (PubMed:27995898). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q80SW1, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27995898}

### Tissue Location

Expressed in dendritic cells.

## Anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E7D9) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E7D9) - Images

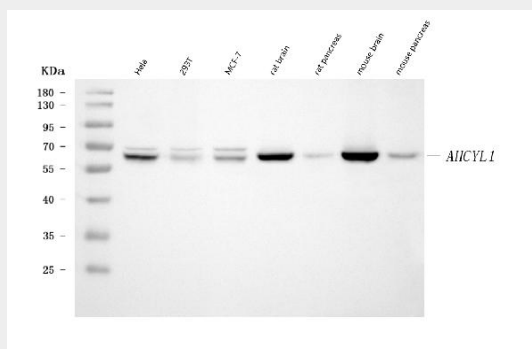


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of IRBIT/AHCYL1 using anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 antibody (M08908). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human Hela whole cell lysates,  
Lane 2: human 293T whole cell lysates,  
Lane 3: human MCF-7 whole cell lysates,  
Lane 4: rat brain tissue lysates,  
Lane 5: rat pancreas tissue lysates,  
Lane 6: mouse brain tissue lysates,  
Lane 7: mouse pancreas tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with mouse anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M08908) at 0.5 µg/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1001) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for IRBIT/AHCYL1 at approximately 59 kDa. The expected band size for IRBIT/AHCYL1 is at 59 kDa.

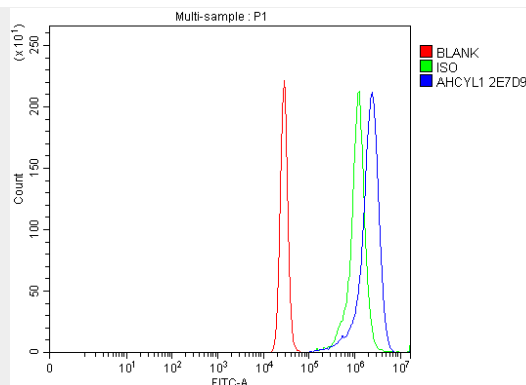


Figure 2. Flow Cytometry analysis of K562 cells using anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 antibody (M08908). Overlay histogram showing K562 cells stained with M08908 (Blue line). The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with mouse anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody (M08908, 1  $\mu\text{g}/1 \times 10^6$  cells) for 30 min at 20°C. DyLight®488 conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (BA1126, 5-10  $\mu\text{g}/1 \times 10^6$  cells) was used as secondary antibody for 30 minutes at 20°C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was mouse IgG (1  $\mu\text{g}/1 \times 10^6$ ) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.

#### **Anti-IRBIT/AHCYL1 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E7D9) - Background**

Putative adenosylhomocysteinase 2 is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the AHCYL1 gene. The protein encoded by this gene interacts with inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor, type 1 and may be involved in the conversion of S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine to L-homocysteine and adenosine. Several transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene.